Amendments To The Claims:
1. (Cancelled).
2. (Cancelled).
3. (Cancelled).
4. (Cancelled).
5. (Cancelled).
5. (Cancelled).
5. (Canceneu).
7. (Cancelled).
8. (Cancelled).
9. (Currently Amended): Method for processing data, except public key encryption methods
pased on the composition of finite automates, said method being in connection with claim 1 in
particular, and characterized in that wherein a Petri net is encoded, written into a
memory and read and performed from that memory by at least one instance, wherein
transitions of the Petri net read from at least one tape and/or write on at least one tape

symbols or symbol strings, with the aid of at least one head, and wherein data-processing, co-operating nets are composed, the composition result is encoded, written into a memory and read and executed from this memory by at least one instance, wherein the composition result is a net which is equivalent to its components with respect to the external input/output behaviour, except output delays, and at least one component is a cryptological component.

- 10. (Currently Amended): Method according to claim 4 <u>9</u>, characterized in that the components and the composition result are Petri nets, wherein the transitions of the components can receive and send symbols or symbol strings via optionally existing channels.
- 11. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 8, for processing data, characterized in that a Petri net is encoded, written into a memory and read and performed from that memory by at least one instance, wherein transitions of the Petri net read from at least one tape and/or write on at least one tape symbols or symbol strings, with the aid of at least one head;

further characterized in that at least one second Petri net, in particular encoded with the properties of the Petri net described in claim 1, is written into a memory and is read and executed from this memory by at least one instance, wherein transitions of each Petri net can send symbols or symbol strings via at least one optionally existing channel, which can be received by transitions of other Petri nets via this channel or these channels;

further characterized in that the Petri nets are executed by a composition instruction, wherein a third Petri net, equivalent to the co-operating first and second Petri nets with respect to the external input/output behaviour, except output delays, is constituted with the aid of the first and second Petri net;

further characterized in that the Petri nets constitute sequential machines M_{Ω} with optionally plural input channels and optionally plural output channels, C is a finite set of channels, Δ is a finite set of finite alphabets, $\gamma \colon C \to \Delta$, $\Omega = (C, \Delta, \gamma)$ is a communication rule,

$$E_{\Omega} = \{e \mid e = \{(c,\sigma) \mid \sigma \in \gamma(c) \land ((c,\sigma_1) \in e \land (c,\sigma_2) \in e \Rightarrow \sigma_1 = \sigma_2)\}\} \cup \{\emptyset\}$$

is a set of input/output events and S is a finite set of states and

$$\begin{split} M_{\Omega} &:= \{ (S, E_{\Omega}, \delta, \beta, s_0) \middle| \delta : R \to S \land \beta : R \to E_{\Omega} \land R \subset S \times E_{\Omega} \\ \land (\forall [(s, x), y] \in \beta \forall (c_x, \sigma_x) \in x \forall (c_y, \sigma_y) \in y : c_x \neq c_y) \land s_0 \in S \}, \end{split}$$

B with $B \subseteq C$ is a set of internal synchronization channels and the composition $comp_B: M_\Omega^n \to 2^{M\Omega}$ of sequential machines is defined as

$$comp_{B} := \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left((K_{1},...,K_{n}),\widetilde{K} \right) \\ (K_{1},...,K_{n}) = \left((S_{1},E_{\Omega},\delta_{1},\beta_{1},s_{0_{1}}),...,(S_{n},E_{\Omega},\delta_{n},\beta_{n},s_{0_{n}}) \right) \\ \wedge \exists T = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left((x_{1},...,x_{n}),(y_{1},...,y_{n}),(s'_{1},...,s'_{n}),\widetilde{x},\widetilde{y} \right) \\ \left(\left[(s_{0_{1}},x_{1}),s'_{1} \right],...,\left[(s_{0_{n}},x_{n}),s'_{n} \right] \right) \in \delta_{1} \times ... \times \delta_{n} \\ \wedge \left(\left[(s_{0_{1}},x_{1}),y_{1} \right],...,\left[(s_{0_{n}},x_{n}),y_{n} \right] \right) \in \beta_{1} \times ... \times \beta_{n} \\ \wedge \exists H_{x} = \bigcup_{i \in \{1,...,n\}} x_{i} \exists H_{y} = \bigcup_{i \in \{1,...,n\}} \beta_{i}(x_{i}) : \\ H_{x} \in E_{\Omega} \wedge H_{y} \in E_{\Omega} \\ \wedge \forall (c,\sigma) : \left(c \in B \Leftrightarrow (c,\sigma) \in H_{x} \cap H_{y} \right) \\ \wedge \widetilde{x} = H_{x} \setminus H_{y} \wedge \widetilde{y} = H_{y} \setminus H_{x} \right\} \\ \exists \widetilde{M}'_{\Omega} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \widetilde{K}' \mid \exists \left((x_{1},...,x_{n}),(y_{1},...,y_{n}),(s'_{1},...,s'_{n}),\widetilde{x},\widetilde{y} \right) \in T : \\ \widetilde{K}' = comp_{B} \left(\left[(S_{1},E_{\Omega},\delta_{1},\beta_{1},s'_{1}),...,(S_{n},E_{\Omega},\delta_{n},\beta_{n},s'_{n}) \right] \right) \right\} : \\ \widetilde{K} = \left(\widetilde{S},E_{\Omega},\widetilde{\delta},\widetilde{\delta},\widetilde{s}_{0} \right) \\ \wedge \widetilde{\delta} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(((s_{0_{1}},...,s_{0_{n}}),\widetilde{x}),(s'_{1},...,s'_{n}) \right) \\ \widetilde{\delta}' \\ (\widetilde{S'},E'_{\Omega},\widetilde{\delta'},\widetilde{\beta'},\widetilde{s'}_{0}) \in \widetilde{M}'_{\Omega} \end{array} \right. \\ \wedge \widetilde{\delta} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(((s_{0_{1}},...,s_{0_{n}}),\widetilde{x}),(s'_{1},...,s'_{n}),\widetilde{x},\widetilde{y} \right) \in T \right. \right\} \\ \cup \bigcup_{\left(\widetilde{S'},E'_{\Omega},\widetilde{\delta'},\widetilde{\beta'},\widetilde{s'}_{0} \right) \in \widetilde{M}'_{\Omega}} \\ \widetilde{\delta}' \\ \wedge \widetilde{\delta} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(((s_{0_{1}},...,s_{0_{n}}),\widetilde{x}),(s'_{1},...,s'_{n}),\widetilde{x},\widetilde{y} \right) \in T \right. \right\} \\ \cup \bigcup_{\left(\widetilde{S'},E'_{\Omega},\widetilde{\delta'},\widetilde{\beta'},\widetilde{s'}_{0} \right) \in \widetilde{M}'_{\Omega}} \\ \widetilde{\delta}' \\ \widetilde{S'},E'_{\Omega},\widetilde{\delta'},\widetilde{\beta'},\widetilde{s'}_{0} \right) \in \widetilde{M}'_{\Omega}} \\ \wedge \widetilde{\delta}_{0} = \left(s_{0_{1}},...,s_{0_{n}} \right) \right\}. \end{array}$$

12. (**Original**): Method according to claim 9, characterized in that the data-processing nets are constituted by a translation of algorithms.

13. (Cancelled).

- 14. (**Currently Amended**): Method according to claim 13 2, characterized in that at least one component deflates compressed data.
- 15. (Currently Amended): Method according to claim 13 9, characterized in that one component reads data and adds a feature or watermark to the data by changing these data, which is not or only slightly obstructing the use of these data.
- 16. (Currently Amended): Method according to claim 13 9, characterized in that an encoder and a combiner of plural input channels are composed into one output channel, wherein the encoder and the combiner are Petri nets, the combiner maps the data received via the input channels on the output channel, and the output of the combiner is the input for the encoder.
- 17. (**Currently Amended**): Method according to claim 13 <u>9</u>, characterized in that a decoder and a separator are combined, wherein the decoder and the separator, respectively, is a Petri net and may be an inversion of an encoder and a combiner, respectively, which has been composed with a combiner or encoder, respectively, according to the method described in claim 16, the separator maps the data received via the input channel on the output channel, and the output of the encoder is the input for the separator.
- 18. (Currently Amended): Method according to claim 43 9, characterized in that at least one component is a cryptological component which receives and processes data from a cryptological

function which is executed in a protected manner, wherein the composition result does not work or works in an erroneous manner in the case that no data or erroneous data are received from the cryptological function.

- 19. (**Original**): Method according to claim 18, characterized in that a composition is executed omitting the cryptological component or at least one of the cryptological components, wherein the composition result has at least one limitation with respect to usability, compared with the composition result which has been formed without said omission.
- 20. (Currently Amended): Method for processing data, in particular in connection with claim 1, characterized in that wherein a Petri net is encoded, written into a memory and read and performed from that memory by at least one instance, wherein transitions of the Petri net read from at least one tape and/or write on at least one tape symbols or symbol strings, with the aid of at least one head, and a data-processing net or a program, respectively, receives and processes second data from a cryptological function which is executed in a protected manner, and the data-processing net or the program, respectively, does not work or works in an erroneous manner in the case that no second data or erroneous second data are received, wherein the cryptological function is fixedly attached to the device which executes the data-processing net or the program, respectively.
- 21. (**Original**): Method according to claim 20, characterized in that a value exceeding the calculation of a function value of the cryptological function is stored such that it is not readable or

changeable for an aggressor, and on further calculation of a further function value this value influences the result of the further calculation, the value changing according to a predetermined rule.